

# Consistent uncertainties in criticality benchmarks

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# Contents

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① Goals:

$\implies$  *Propagate nuclear data uncertainties for ANDES*

② Methodology for uncertainty propagation:

$\implies$  *TMC vs. covariances (exact or with covariances ?)*

③ Models:

$\implies$  *(1) Total Monte Carlo and (2) perturbation*

④ Tests:

$\implies$  *Consistence between both methods*

⑤ Preliminary results:

$\implies$  *on  $k_{\text{eff}}$  for  $^{239,240}\text{Pu}$ , pmf1 and pmf2*

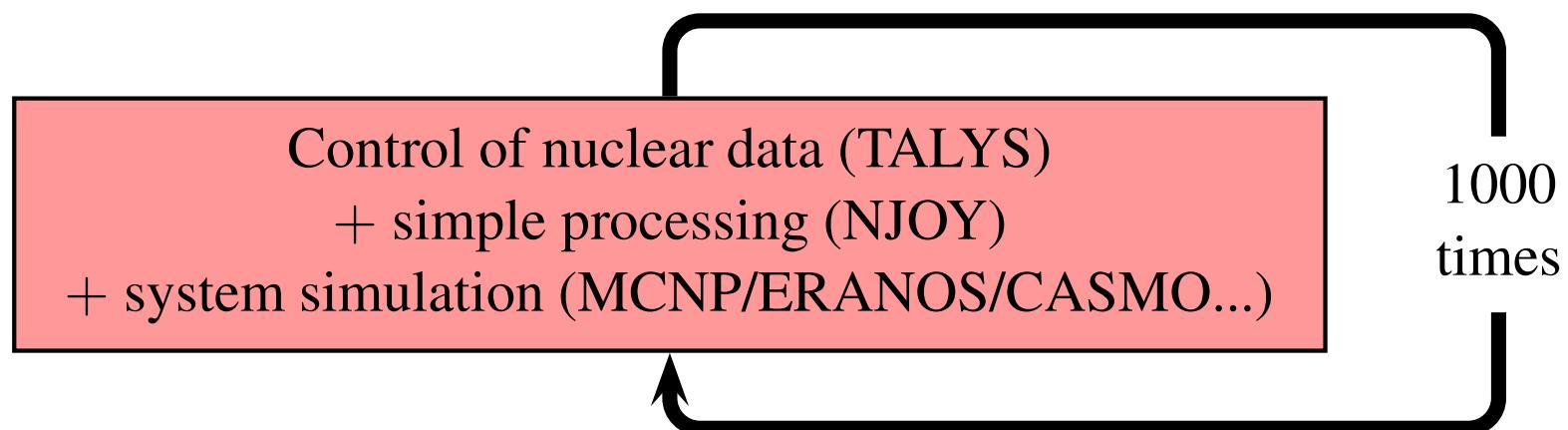
⑥ Conclusions

# Goals:



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- ① Obtain uncertainties for ANDES due to nuclear data uncertainties
  - ② Systematic approach, reliable and reproducible

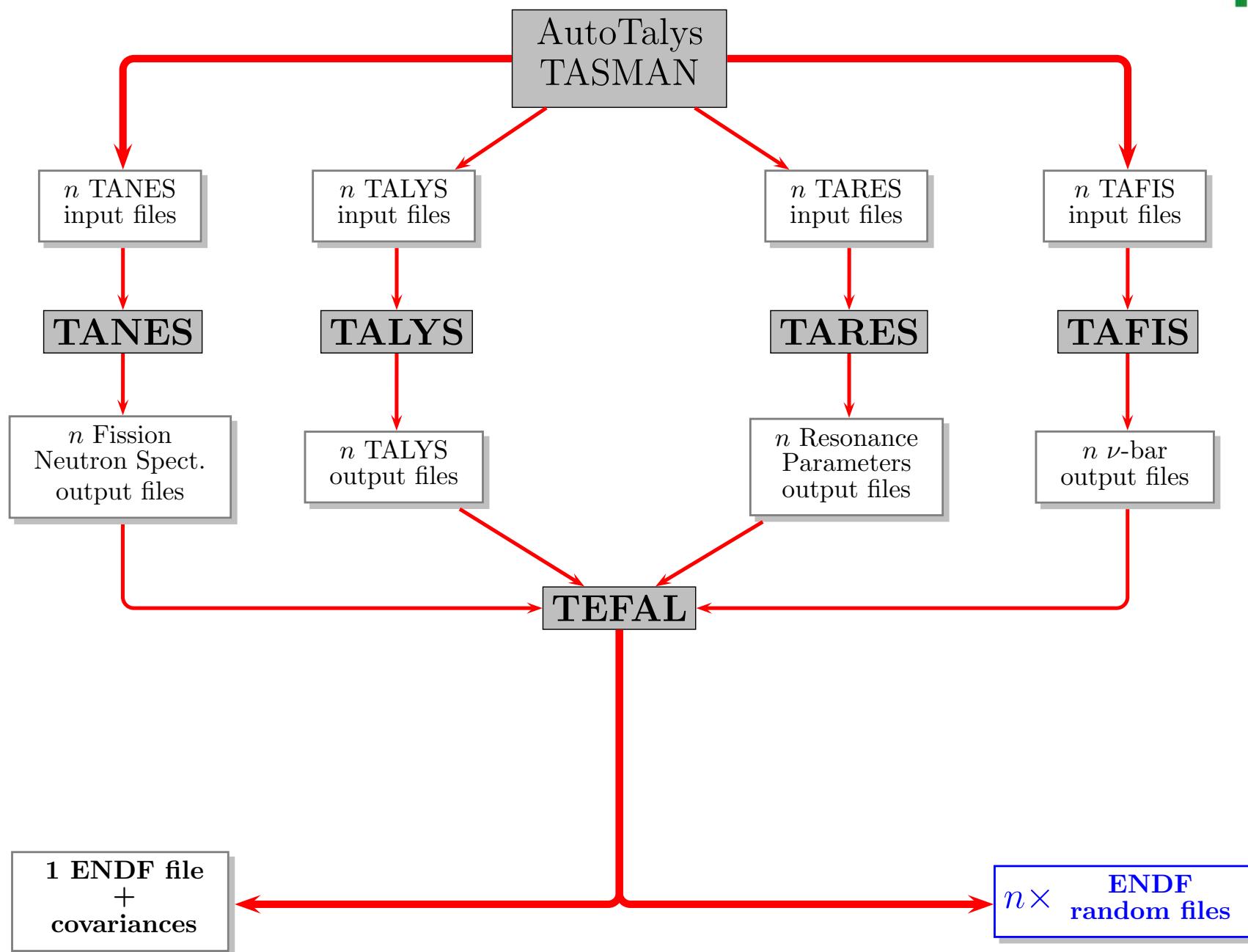
## Solution (1): Total Monte Carlo



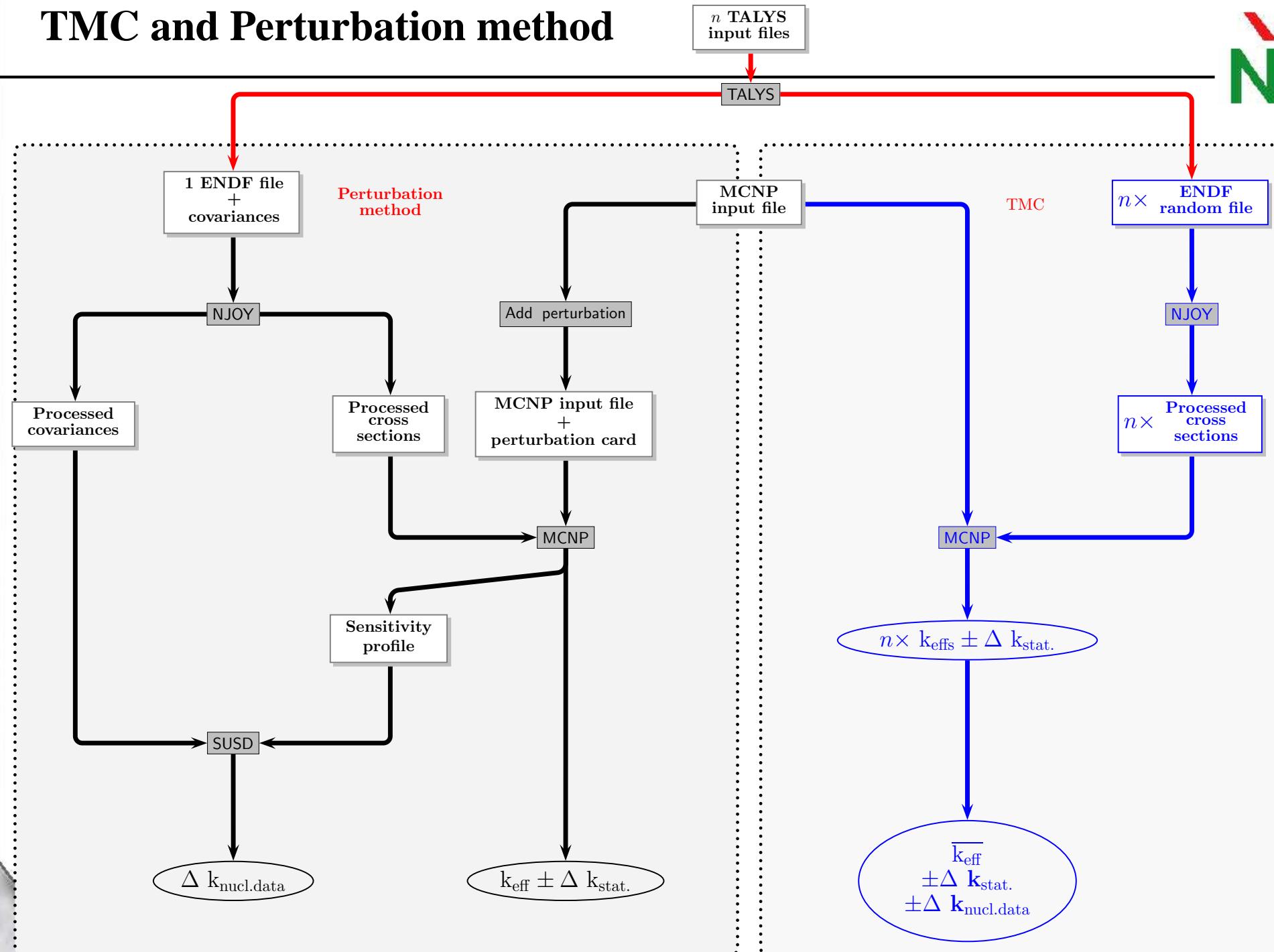
## Solution (2): Perturbation method

⇒ MCNP + Perturbation cards + covariance files

# TMC and Perturbation method: File production



# TMC and Perturbation method



# Necessary software



Common to TMC and Perturbation methods:

- ☞ TALYS
- ☞ NJOY (ACE)
- ☞ MCNP

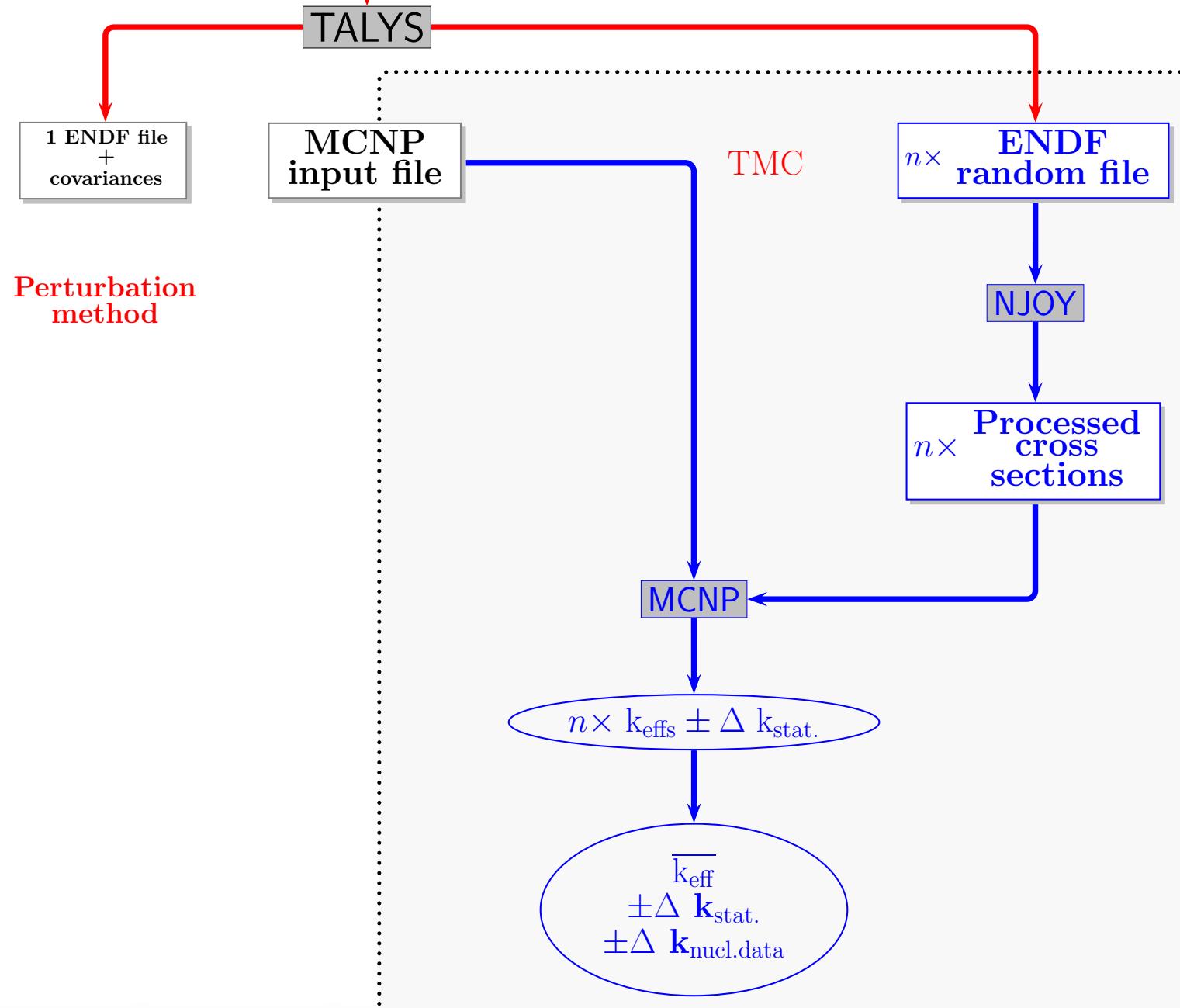
For the TMC method only:

∅

For the Perturbation method only:

- ☞ NJOY (ERRORR)/PUFF
- ☞ Add perturbation
- ☞ SUSD

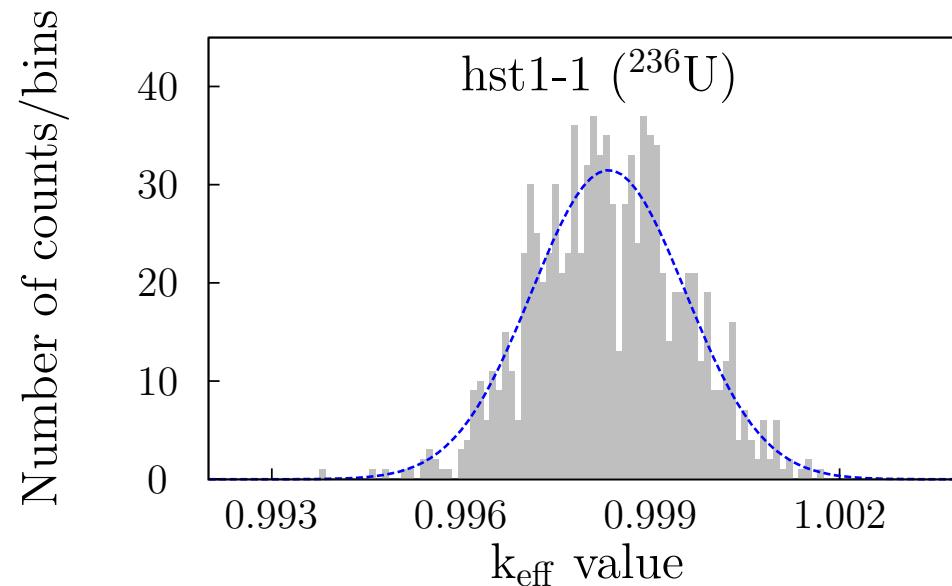
# Idea: TALYS +( n TALYS input files ) Monte Carlo = Total Monte Carlo



## Total Monte Carlo: examples

For each random ENDF file, the benchmark calculation is performed with MCNP. At the end of the  $n$  calculations,  $n$  different  $k_{\text{eff}}$  values are obtained. In the obtained probability distribution of  $k_{\text{eff}}$ , the standard deviation  $\sigma_{\text{total}}$  reflects two different effects:

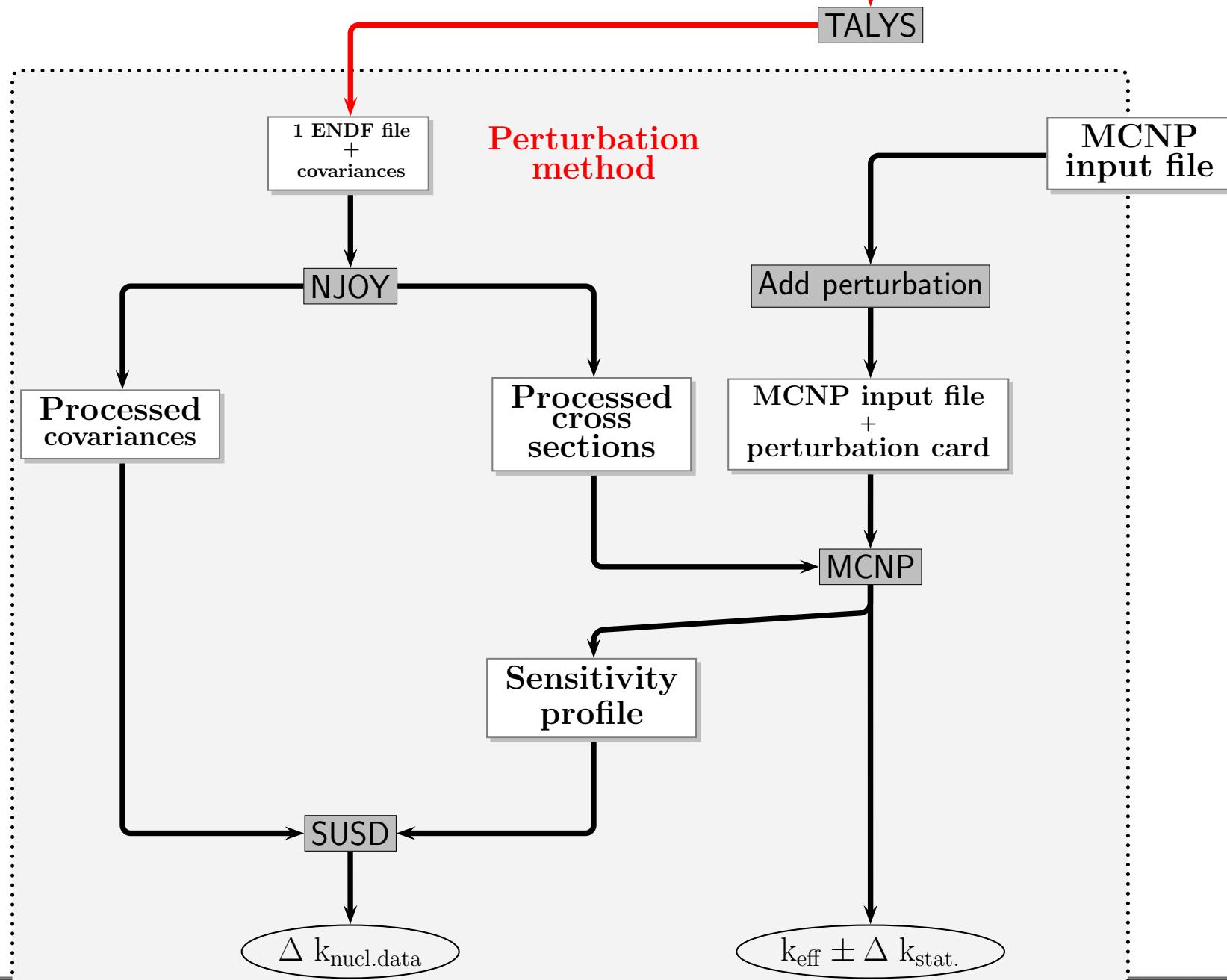
$$\sigma_{\text{total}}^2 = \sigma_{\text{statistics}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{nuclear data}}^2. \quad (1)$$



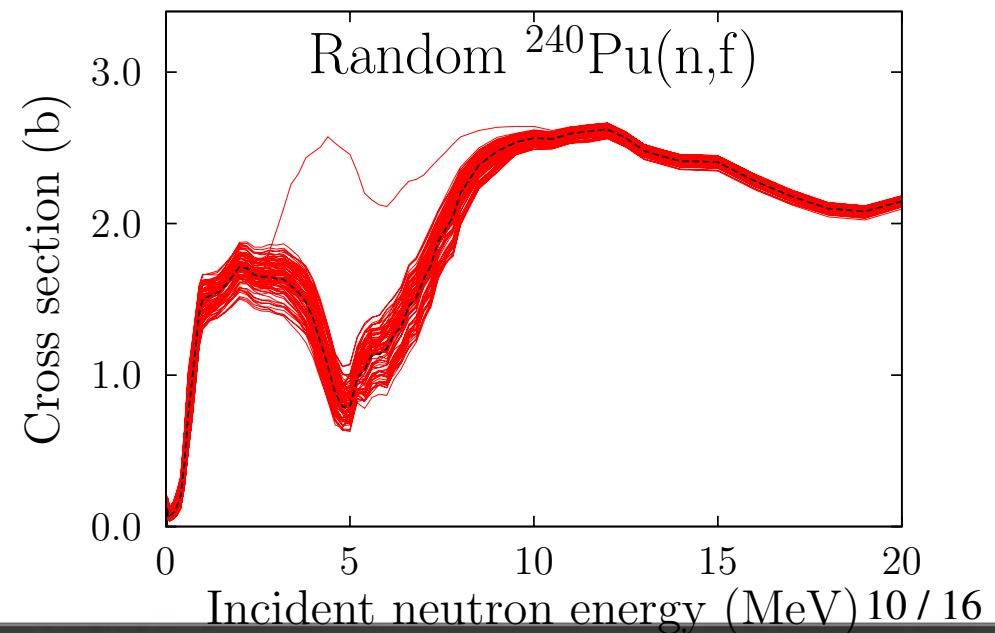
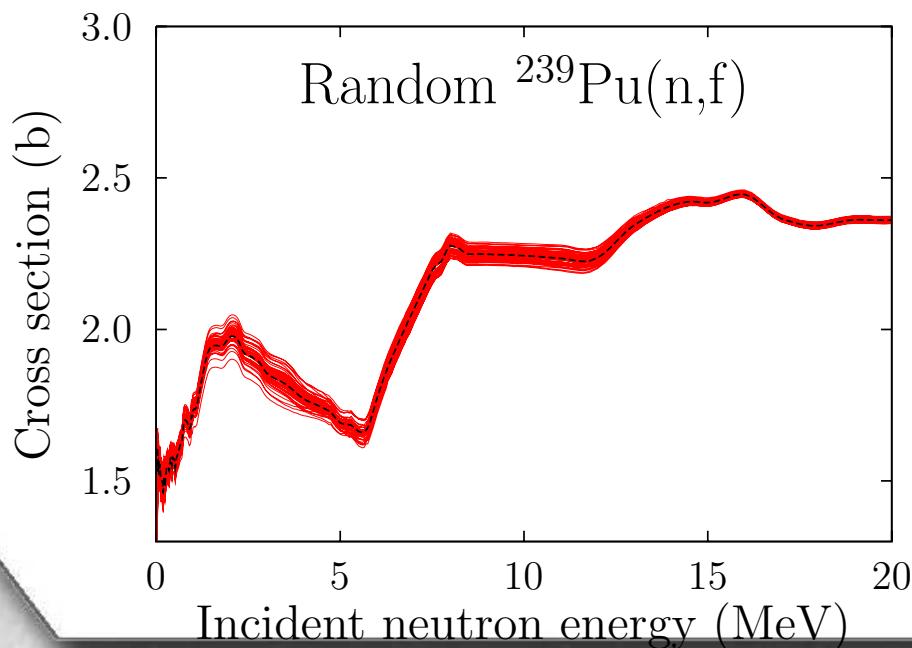
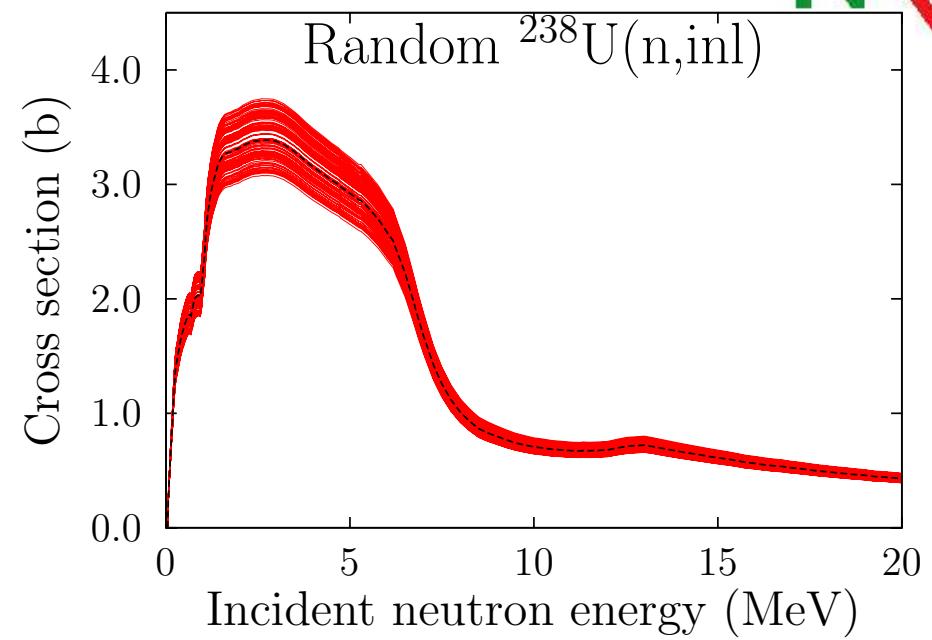
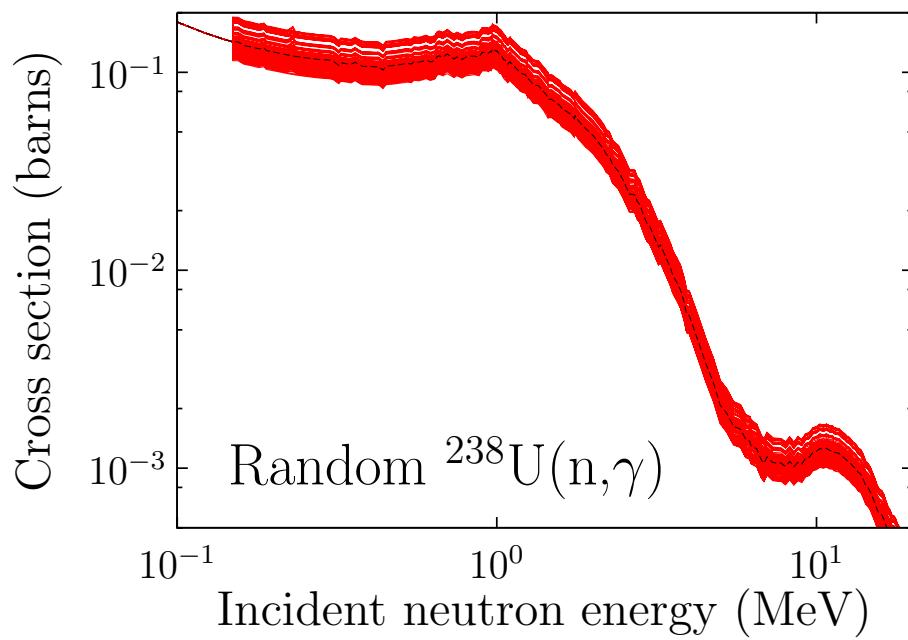
Each random file is completely different than another one: nu-bar ("MF1"), resonance parameters ("MF2"), cross sections ("MF3"), but also *MF4*, *MF5* and *MF6*.

# Perturbation method

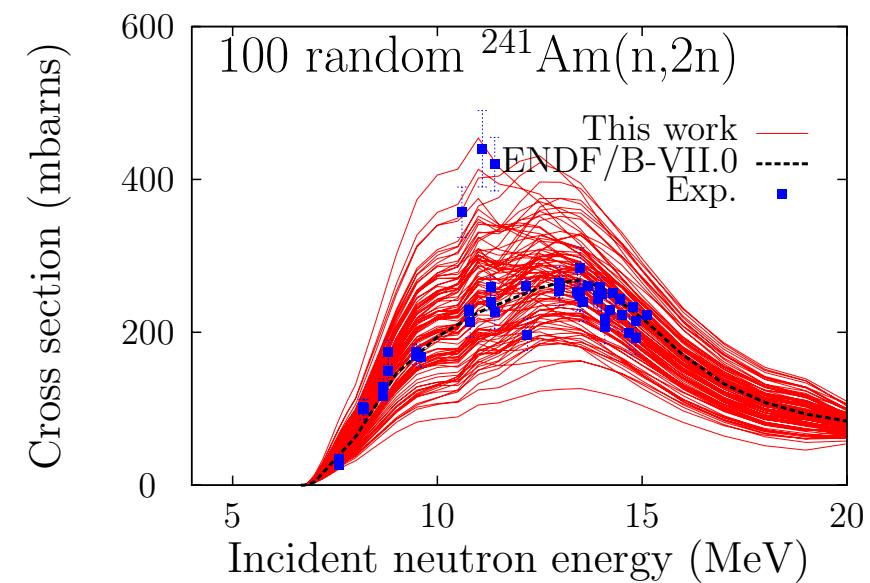
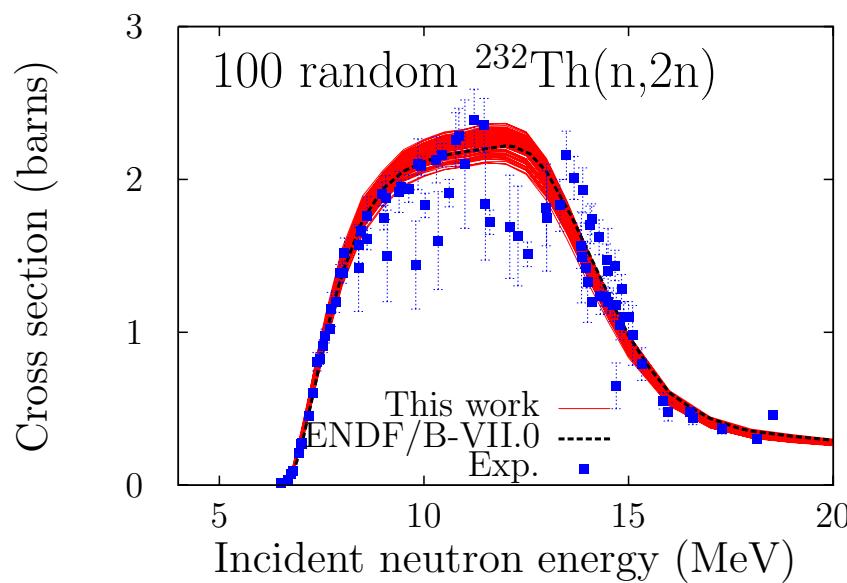
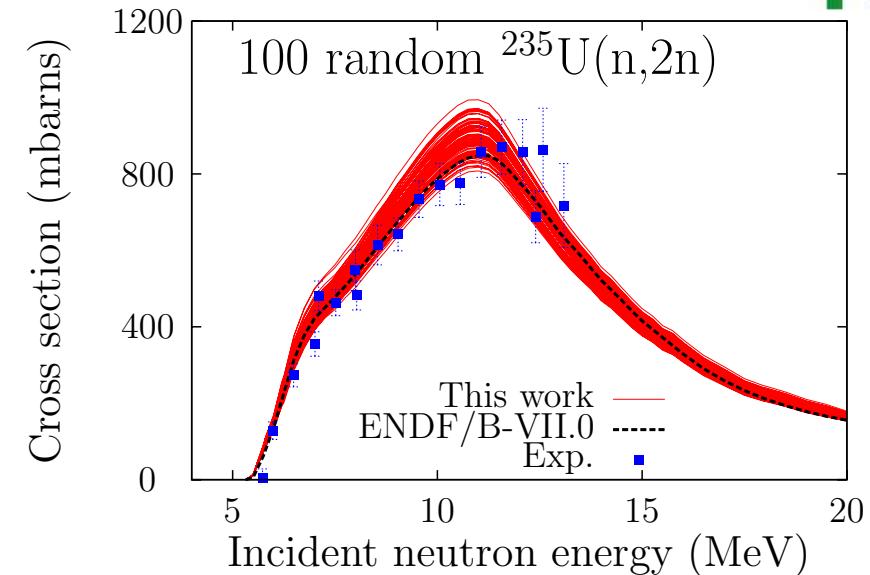
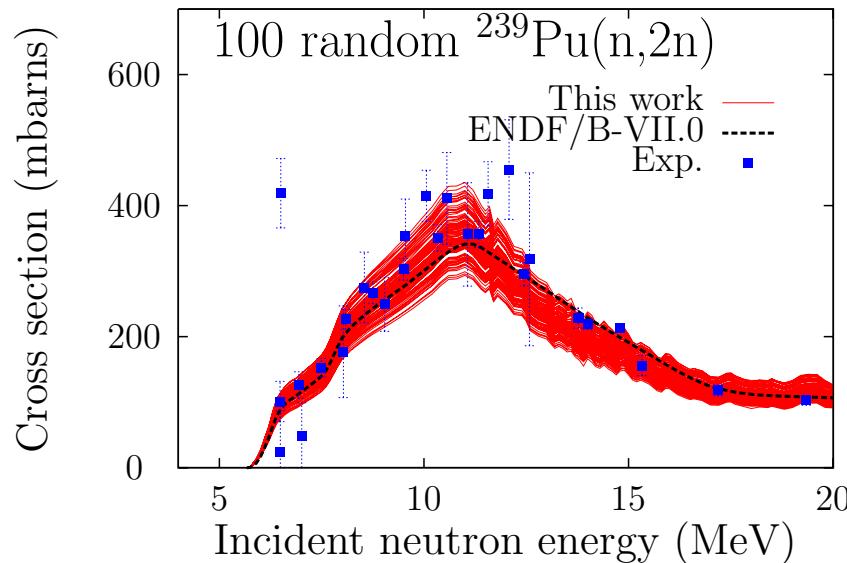
$n$  TALYS  
input files



# Nuclear data: $^{239}\text{Pu}$ and $^{238}\text{U}$

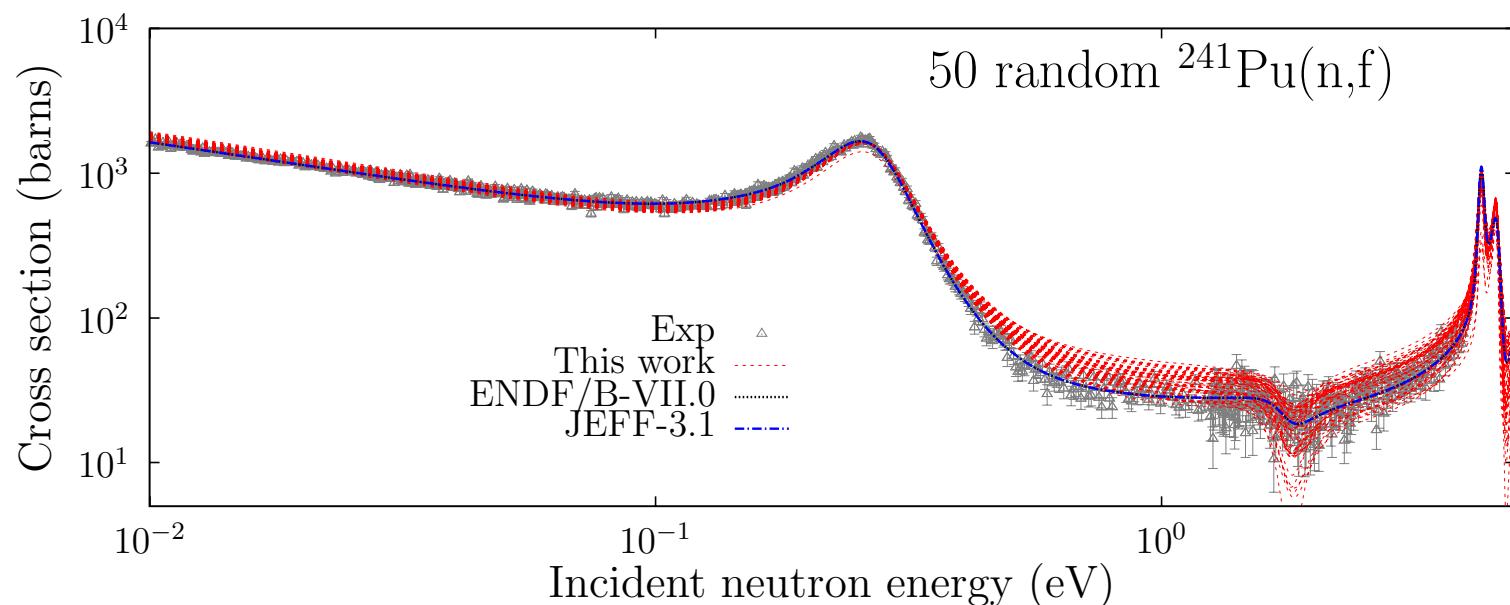
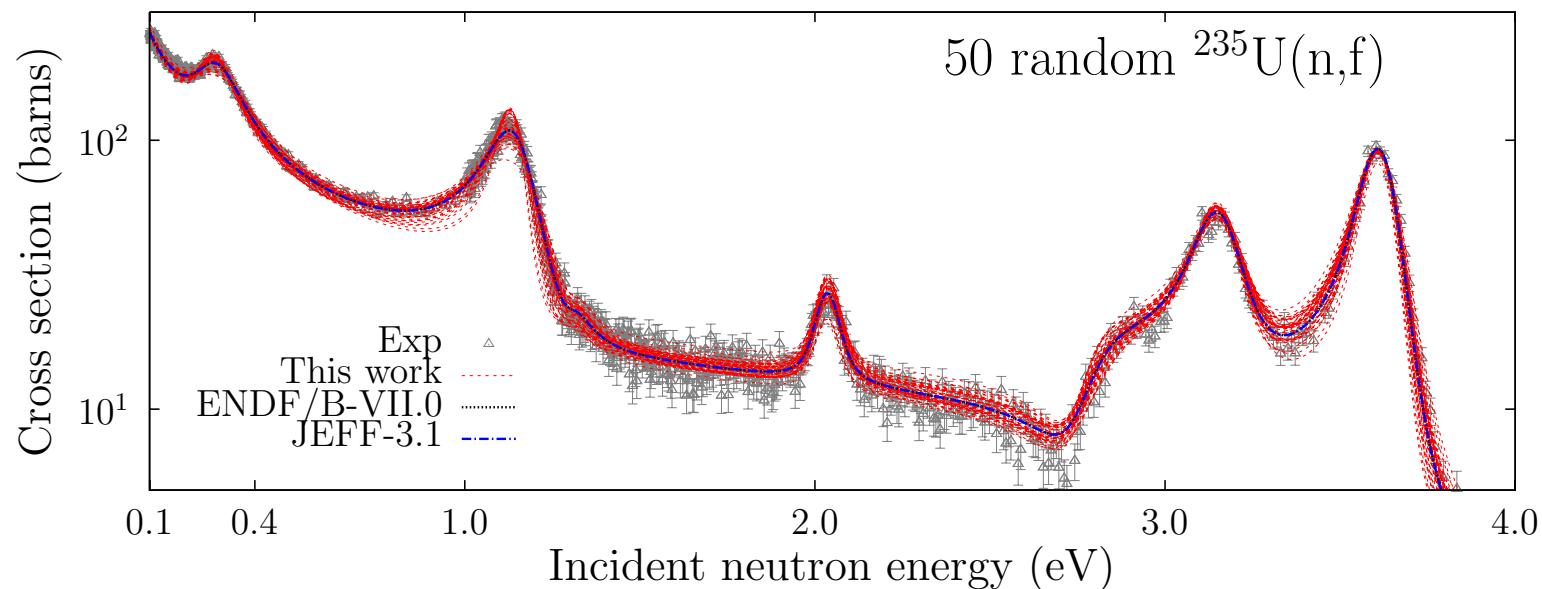


# Nuclear data: examples on (n,2n) cross sections

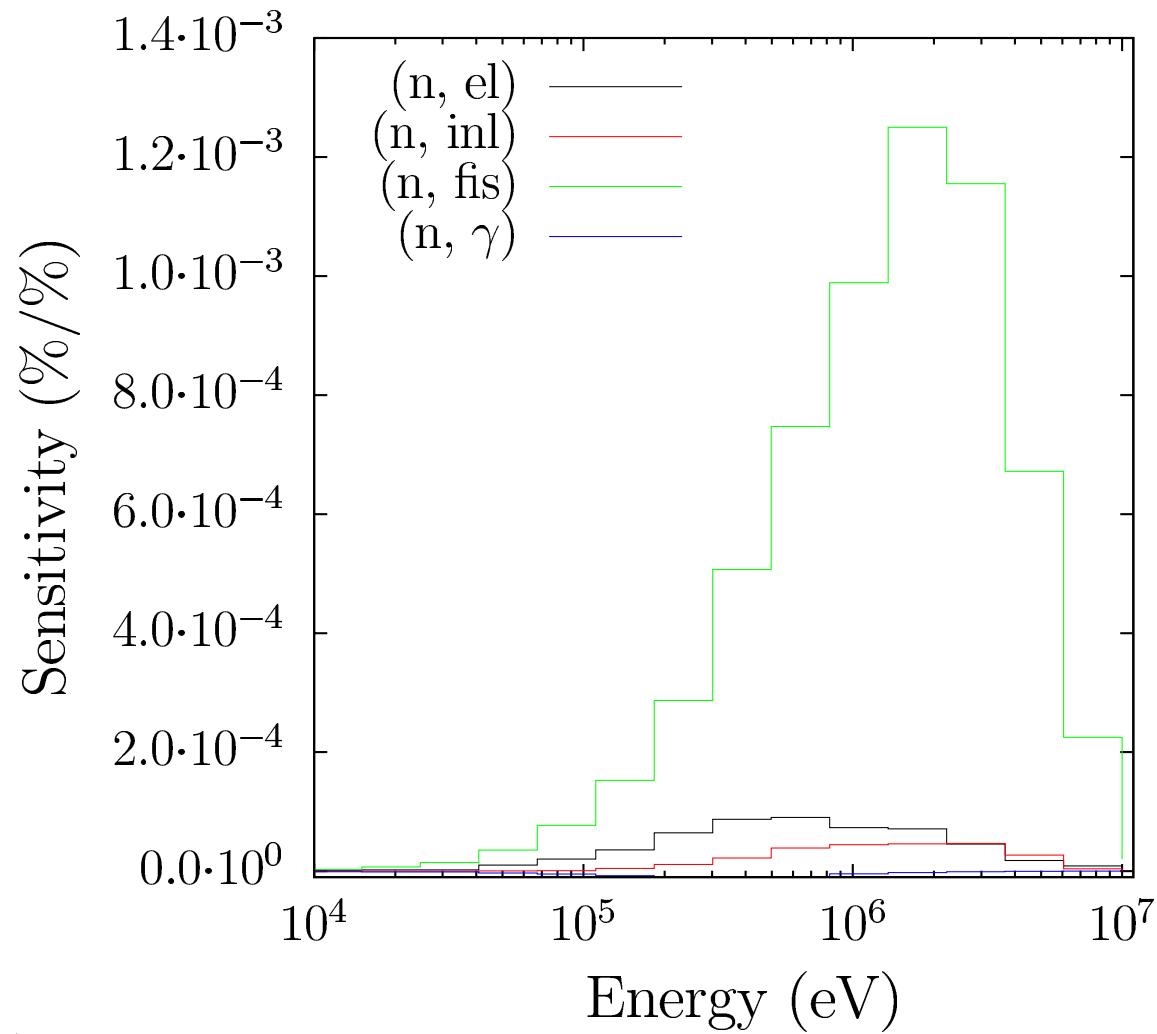


# Nuclear data: examples in the resonance region

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# Example for sensitivity to $^{239}\text{Pu}$ cross section for pmf1 (Jezebel)



# Results



Comparison TMC-Perturbation methods for a few  $k_{\text{eff}}$  benchmarks. The ratio in the last column is "TMC over Perturbation".

Benchmark	Isotopes	Total Monte Carlo Uncertainty due to nuclear data (pcm)	Perturbation Uncertainty due to nuclear data (pcm)	Ratio
pmf1	$^{239}\text{Pu}$	1000	860	1.16
pmf2	$^{239}\text{Pu}$	840	720	1.16
pmf2	$^{240}\text{Pu}$	790	650	1.21

# Results: Details of the TMC-Perturbation methods for $^{239,240}\text{Pu}$ $k_{\text{eff}}$ benchmarks



	pmf2 $^{239}\text{Pu}$			pmf2 $^{240}\text{Pu}$	
	$\Delta k_{\text{eff}}$ (pcm)			$\Delta k_{\text{eff}}$ (pcm)	
	TMC	Perturbation		TMC	Perturbation
Total	840	720		790	650
MF1	400	-		370	-
(n,inl)	170	140		70	50
(n,el)	250	240		30	40
(n, $\gamma$ )	100	100		30	30
(n,f)	720	660		730	640
MF4	20	-		20	-
MF5	50	-		30	-
MF6	50	-		30	-

# Plans for ANDES WP 3

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- 😊 Uncertainty and sensitivity analysis on a large set of criticality benchmarks
  - Thermal and fast benchmarks
  - Monte Carlo and perturbation methods
  - Use libraries from WP2
  
- 😊 Investigate the impact of improved uncertainty methods from WP2 (UMC)