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Proposal for a new subgroup on Spent Nuclear Fuel decay heat

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- Background
- Goal and context
- Proposed activities
- Participants
- Related questions
- Conclusion





- Spent Nuclear Fuel decay heat (SNF-DH) is a key quantity for SNF characterization:
 - Wet storage
 - Transport casks
 - Reprocessing facilities
 - Storage canisters
 - -(Severe accident)
- Linked to criticality, dose, nuclide inventory
- No systematic SNF-DH measurements planned worldwide: reliance on calculated DH

-> <u>Calculated DH</u> estimation and confidence intervals are a necessity

• High interest from different actors of the nuclear industry





- The SNF-DH depends on many factors
 - -Irradiation history
 - -Assemblies types, enrichments, burnup
 - Cooling time
 - Nuclear data
 - Modeling assumptions
- Recent "Blind decay heat benchmark" from SKB tends to indicate different C/Es than expected
- What are the associated uncertainties, biases ?
- How applicable are the DIN, ISO, NRC standards to recent SNF (high burnup, MOX ?)
- Can we provide *evaluated* DH for specific cases ?







Goal and context

- Goal: Provide users with reliable estimations of SNF-DH
- Underlying:
 - -guidance, specific studies, estimates, validity regions
 - -Analysis of experiments/calculations
- Proposed studies:
 - -Spent fuel from existing power plants
 - Decay heat for specific cooling time (to be determined (*e.g.* < 3days, >months, years, decades, more)
 - Activities to be planned within 2-year activities to fit the WPNCS requirements
- Link to Working Party activities:
 - -WPNCS (after irradiation, validation),
 - -WPRS (reactor parameters/irradiation history)
 - -WPEC (nuclear data evaluation)



- Specific activities will be discussed during dedicated "ad-hoc meeting(s)", but should be around the following areas:
 - Experiments
 - Calculations
 - Nuclide contributions
 - Biases and Uncertainties
 - (New) standards
 - ML modelling
 - Evaluations for specific cases (*i.e.* UO₂, MOX, PWR, BWR)
 - New DH benchmark





Example of a dedicated study:

- Select an assembly type (*e.g.* PWR 17x17, UO₂, 4.0%)
- Select experiments (do they exist ?)
 - -Analysis of data, uncertainties
- Perform modelling and simulations
 - Modelling effect
 - Biases (to DH and PIE ?)
 - Model/input uncertainties
- Provide estimated (evaluated) DH and uncertainties/correlations
 - For specific cooling times
 - Nuclide contributors
 - Comparison with standards
 - Reporting/publication





- Expressions of interest from 10 member countries, IAEA and EU (in alphabetic order), 09/07/2021:
- 1. P. Àlvarez, D. Cano (CIEMAT, Spain)
- 2. A. Bardeley, R. Ichou (IRSN, France)
- 3. O. Cabellos (UPM, Spain)
- 4. C. Carmouze and V. Vallet (CEA SPRC, France)
- 5. S. Caruso (KKG, Switzerland)
- 6. R. Dagan (KIT, Germany)
- 7. L. Fiorito (SCK, Belgium)
- 8. S. Häkkinen, P. Juutilainen, J. Leppanen (VTT, Finland)
- 9. V. Hannstein, F. Sommer (GRS, Germany)
- 10. G. Ilas, W. Wieselquist (ORNL, USA)
- 11. P. Jansson (UU, Sweden)
- 12. A. Koning (IAEA, Austria)
- 13. J. Lam (Rolls-Royce, UK)
- 14. A. Launay, V. Leger (ORANO, France)
- 15. L. MacManniman (IAEA, Austria)
- 16. F. Minato (JAEA, Japan)
- 17. Y. Nauchi, S. Sato (CRIEPI, Japan)
- 18. D. Rochman (PSI, Switzerland)
- 19. P. Schillebeeckx, S. Kopecky (JRC, Geel Belgium)
- 20. T. Simeonov (Studsvik, USA)
- 21. A. Sjöland (SKB, Sweden)
- 22. S. Tittelbach (WTI, Germany)
- 23. T. Watanabe (JAEA, Japan)



Related question: WPNCS or WPRS ?

- The estimation of SNF Decay heat is overlapping with studies performed at WPNCS and WPRS
- It is affected by reactor cycles, and goes beyond it
- WPRS can bring core knowledge, core physics and multiphysics,
- WPNCS is experienced in criticality-safety (ICSBEP), PIE data (SFCOMPO)
 - SNF decay heat time periods overlap more with WPNCS
 - SNF decay heat is linked to criticality (source term)
 - SNF decay heat evaluations can be based on SFCOMPO decay heat experimental data.

• Conclusion: the WPNSC seems more adapted, with strong feedback from WPRS





- SNF-DH is of high importance for many actors of the nuclear industry
- There is a need for a better understanding of our modelling capabilities
- Middle-term goal:
 - This working group proposes to gather specialists to produce recommended (evaluated) decay heat for well-defined cases
- Longer-term goal:
 - Help to update standards
- WPNCS seems to be the right environment, including strong links with WPRS, WPEC and RWMC (Radioactive Waste Management Committee)





Wir schaffen Wissen – heute für morgen

