PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



D. Rochman, A. Vasiliev, M. Pecchia, H. Ferroukhi :: Paul Scherrer Institut LRT-01/ CASQUADES-II project results

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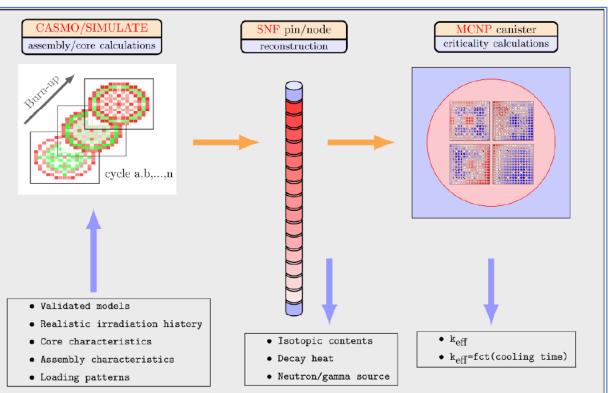


Recall of the goal of CASQUADES-II

- <u>Main goal</u>: Improvement of the prediction of spent fuel handling and storage for
 - Criticality quantities
 - Decay heat, isotope inventories, neutron/gamma emission
- Method and tools:
 - Validated CASMO-5/SIMULATE-3 models
 - Use of the SNF code

 Uncertainties due to nuclear data performed with SHARK-X

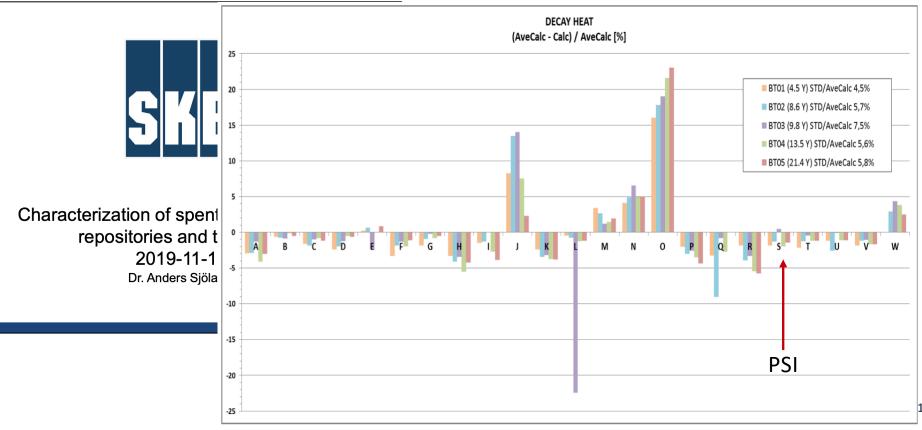
 Canister criticality performed with MCNP or SERPENT





WP.1 Systematic calculations of the assembly quantities

- CASMO/SIMULATE/SNF applied to all 5 cores, down to canister Monte Carlo model
- Spent fuel decay heat validation with SKB "blind benchmark"

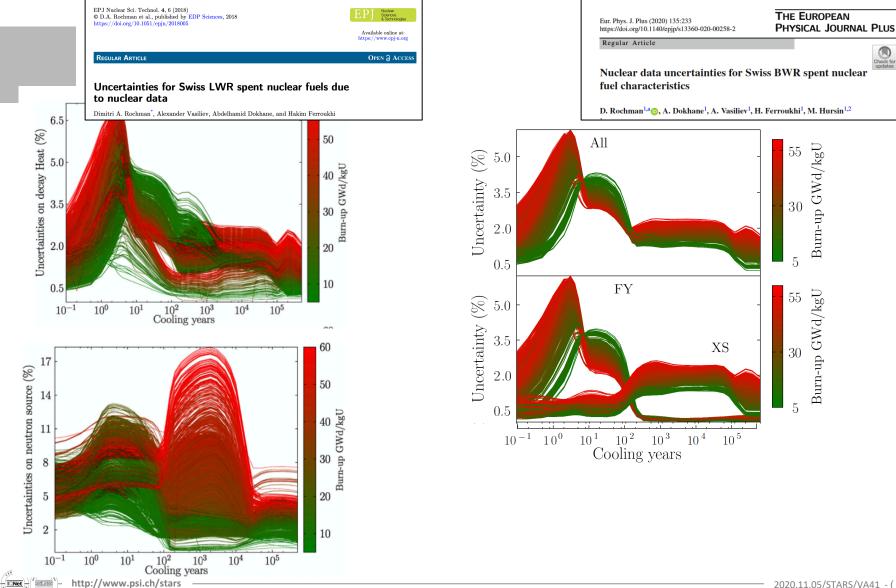


• There is a higher bias in these recent (blind) results compared to previously reported values (underestimation of 3-5 %)





Nuclear Data uncertainties for decay heat, isotopic compositions, neutron emissions •



check for updates



- WP.1 and WP.2 are successfully concluded
 - Nuclear data have an important impact on spent fuel quantities, for both PWR and BWR,
 - Biases in C/E for isotopic concentrations cannot always be explained by the effect of nuclear data

- They helped PSI to build a database of spent fuel quantities for PWR and BWR at the rod and segment level, and with nuclear data uncertainties for assembly quantities
- Strong link with other projects, such as the EU EURAD project (characterization of spent nuclear fuel), the SKB "Decay heat blind test" and the future COLOSS Swissnuclear project.





Thank you for your attention!

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